

Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Withdrawn) An isolated oligonucleotide comprising at least one ditag, wherein the ditag includes two joined first and second sequence tags, and wherein the first tag includes a 5'-terminus sequence and a second tag comprises the 3'-terminus sequence of a nucleic acid molecule or fragment thereof.
2. (Withdrawn) The oligonucleotide of claim 1, further comprising two adapters flanking the ditag, wherein each adapter includes at least one restriction site.
3. (Withdrawn) The oligonucleotide of claim 2, wherein each adapter comprises at least a first restriction site which is an asymmetric restriction site and at least a second restriction site.
4. (Withdrawn) The oligonucleotide of claim 3, wherein the asymmetric restriction site comprises a type II restriction site.
5. (Withdrawn) The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid molecule comprises the full-length sequence of a gene or a fragment thereof.
6. (Withdrawn) The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein the nucleic acid comprises RNA, mRNA, genomic DNA, full-length cDNA, or cDNA.
7. (Withdrawn) The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein the ditag is obtained by splicing the 5'terminus and the 3'terminus of the nucleic acid molecule or fragment

thereof in the presence of at least one restriction enzyme and the size of the sequence tags is determined by the restriction enzyme used.

8. (Withdrawn) The oligonucleotide of claim 7, wherein the restriction enzyme is a type II restriction enzyme.

9. (Withdrawn) The oligonucleotide of claim 7, wherein the restriction enzyme is selected from the group consisting of AarI, AceIII, Alol, BaeI, Bbr7I, BbvI, BbvII, BccI, Bce83I, BceAI, Bcefl, Bcgl, BciVI, Bfil, BinI, BpII, BsaXI, BscAI, BseMII, BseRI, BsgI, BsmI, BsmAI, BsmFI, Bsp24I, BspCNI, BspMI, Bsrl, BsrDI, BstF5I, BtgZI, BtsI, CjeI, CjePI, Ecil, Eco3II, Eco57I, Eco57MI, Esp3I, Fall, Faul, FokI, GsuI, HaeIV, Hgal, Hin4I, HphI, HpyAv, Ksp632I, MbolI, MlyI, Mmel, MnlI, P1eI, Ppil, PsrI, R1eAI, SapI, SfaNI, SspD5I, Sth132I, StsI, TaqII, TspDTI, TspGWI, TspRI, TthlIII, I-CeuI, PI-Scel, PI-PspI and I-Scel.

10. (Withdrawn) The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein the ditag size is 12-60 bp.

11. (Withdrawn) The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein the ditag comprises 34-38 nucleotides and the size of each tag is determined by the use of restriction enzyme Mmel.

12. (Withdrawn) The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein the first and second tag have the same or a different number of nucleotides.

13. (Withdrawn) The oligonucleotide of claim 1, wherein the oligonucleotide consists of 1 to 1000 ditags.

14. (Withdrawn) A vector comprising an isolated oligonucleotide including at least one ditag, wherein the ditag includes two joined first and second sequence tags, and wherein the first tag includes a 5'-terminus sequence and a second tag comprises the 3'-terminus sequence of a nucleic acid molecule or fragment thereof.

15. (Withdrawn) The vector of Claim 14 further comprising two adapters flanking the ditag, wherein each adapter includes at least one restriction site and wherein each adapter includes at least a first restriction site which is an asymmetric restriction site and at least a second restriction site.

16. (Withdrawn) The vector of claim 15, wherein the backbone of the vector does not comprise the asymmetric restriction site or the second restriction site.

17. (Withdrawn) The vector of claim 16, wherein the asymmetric restriction site is a type II restriction site.

18. (Withdrawn) A vector comprising at least a nucleic acid molecule and two adapters flanking the nucleic acid molecule, wherein each adapter comprises at least: a first restriction site which is a type II restriction site and at least a second restriction site, and wherein the backbone of the vector does not comprise the type II restriction site, or the second restriction site.

19. (Withdrawn) The vector of claim 18, wherein the type II restriction site is MmeI.

20. (Withdrawn) A vector comprising SEQ ID NO:18.

21. (Withdrawn) The vector of claim 20, comprising at least one ditag, wherein the ditag includes two joined first and second sequence tags, and wherein the first tag

includes a 5'-terminus sequence and a second tag comprises the 3'-terminus sequence of a nucleic acid molecule or fragment thereof.

22. (Withdrawn) The vector of claim 21, comprising two adapters flanking the ditag, wherein each adapter includes at least one restriction site and wherein each adapter includes at least a first restriction site which is an asymmetric restriction site and at least a second restriction site.

23. (Withdrawn) A cDNA library, wherein every cDNA clone of the library comprises at least two oligonucleotide including at least one ditag, wherein the ditag includes two joined first and second sequence tags, and wherein the first tag includes a 5'-terminus sequence and a second tag comprises the 3'-terminus sequence of a nucleic acid molecule or fragment thereof.

24. (Withdrawn) The cDNA library of claim 23, wherein the at least one oligonucleotide comprises 1-1000 ditags.

25. (Currently amended) A method for preparing at least ~~one oligonucleotide including at least~~ one ditag comprising:

~~(i) producing at least one nucleic acid molecule; full length cDNA transcript, said transcript having a 5' terminus and a 3' terminus;~~

~~isolating the 5' terminus and the 3' terminus of the nucleic acid molecule or fragment thereof; and~~

~~linking the 5' terminus and 3' terminus to create the at least one ditag;~~

~~(ii) cleaving the full-length cDNA transcript at its 5' terminus to extract a 5' tag having a 5' end and a 3' end and cleaving the full-length cDNA transcript at its 3' terminus to extract a 3' tag having a 5' end and a 3' end; and~~

~~(iii) generating at least one ditag by ligating the 3' end of the 5' tag to the 5' end of the 3' tag.~~

26. (Currently amended) A method for preparing at least ~~one oligonucleotide comprising at least one~~ ditag comprising:

(i) ~~providing at least one nucleic acid molecule~~ full-length cDNA transcript having a 5' terminus and a 3' terminus and flanked by two adapters;

~~isolating the 5' terminus and the 3' terminus of the nucleic acid molecule; and
linking the 5' terminus and 3' terminus to create at least one oligonucleotide including
at least one ditag flanked by two adapters.~~

(ii) cleaving the full-length cDNA transcript at its 5' terminus to extract a 5' tag having a 5' end flanked by an adapter and a 3' end and cleaving the full-length cDNA transcript at its 3' terminus to extract a 3' tag having a 5' end and a 3' end flanked by an adapter; and

(iii) generating at least one ditag flanked by two adapters by ligating the 3' end of the 5' tag to the 5' end of the 3' tag.

27. (Currently amended) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of creating a concatemer of ditags.

28. (Currently amended) The method of claim 27, wherein the concatemer of ditags are 1-1000 ditags.

29. (Currently amended) The method of claim 26, further comprising including the ~~oligonucleotide comprising the~~ at least one ditag flanked by the adapters in a vector.

30. (Cancelled)

31. (Original) The method of claim 26, further comprising the step of determining the nucleotide sequence of the at least one ditag to detect gene expression.

32. (Currently amended) The method of claim 26, further comprising:
determining the sequence of the at least one ditag; and
~~comparing~~ mapping the 5' and 3' tags of the ditag nucleotide sequence to a
database comprising genomic sequences
~~whereby matching 5' and 3' termini sequences are identified.~~

33. (Currently amended) The method of claim 26, ~~comprising:~~
~~producing at least one nucleic acid molecule flanked by two adapters, wherein~~
~~each adapter comprises at least one restriction site; and step (ii)~~
~~splicing the 5' terminus and the 3' terminus of the molecule to produce at least~~
~~one ditag, wherein splicing includes adding at least one restriction enzyme capable of~~
~~recognizing the~~ recognition sites at least one restriction site to the full-length cDNA
transcript from step (i).

34. (Currently amended) The method of claim 33, wherein the ~~two recognition~~
~~sites are~~ at least one restriction site is an asymmetric recognition sites.

35. (Currently amended) The method of claim 34, wherein the asymmetric
recognition site ~~are~~ is a restriction endonuclease asymmetric cleavage site sequences
recognizable by a type II restriction enzymes, ~~and wherein the type II restriction enzyme~~
~~is~~ selected from the group consisting of AarI, AceIII, AclI, BaeI, Bbr7I, BbvI, BbvII, BclI,
Bce83I, BceAI, Bcefl, Bcgl, BciVI, Bfil, BinI, BpII, BsaXI, BscAI, BseMII, BseRI, BsgI,
BsmI, BsmAI, BsmFI, Bsp24I, BspCNI, BspMI, Bsrl, BsrDI, BstF5I, BtgZI, BtsI, CjeI,
CjePI, EciI, Eco3II, Eco57I, Eco57MI, Esp3I, Fall, Faul, FokI, GsuI, HaeIV, HgaI, Hin4I,
HphI, HpyAV, Ksp632I, MboII, MlyI, Mmel, MnlI, PleI, Ppil, PslI, RleAI, SapI, SfaNI,
SspD5I, Sth132I, StsI, TaqII, TspDTI, TspGWI, TspRI and Tth111II.

36. (Currently amended) The method of claim 34, wherein the asymmetric
recognition ~~sites are~~ site is a homing endonuclease asymmetric recognition site

sequences, and wherein the enzyme recognizing the recognizable by a homing
endonuclease ~~asymmetric restriction site~~ is selected from the group consisting of: I-
Ceul, PI-SceI, PI-PspI and I-SceI.

37. (Currently amended) The method of claim 26, comprising:
~~producing at least one full-length cDNA molecule comprising two adapters~~
flanking the 5' terminus and 3' terminus of the full-length cDNA, wherein each adapter
comprises at least one restriction site which is a MmeI recognition site; and step (ii)
comprises
~~splicing the 5' terminus and the 3' terminus of the full-length cDNA to produce at~~
~~least one oligonucleotide comprising at least one ditag, wherein splicing includes~~
cleaving the full-length cDNA transcript from step (i) with MmeI which forms 3'
~~overhanging tag ends, and ligating the two 5' and 3' termini tags to produce the ditag.~~

38. (Previously presented) The method of claim 26, wherein the at least one
ditag comprises 34-38 nucleotides.

39. (Currently amended) A method for genome mapping, comprising:
preparing at least one ~~oligonucleotide including at least one~~ ditag, the ditag
including
two joined first and second sequence tags, wherein the first tag includes the 5'-
terminus sequence and the second tag includes the 3'-terminus sequence of a ~~nucleic~~
~~acid molecule~~ cDNA transcript, the ~~nucleic acid molecule~~ corresponding to the full-
length of a gene or fragment thereof;
mapping each of the two tags of the at least one ditag on the genome; and
defining ~~the structural region of~~ the corresponding gene on the genome map.

40. (Currently amended) A method of gene discovery comprising:

preparing at least ~~one oligonucleotide comprising at least~~ one ditag, the ditag including two joined first and second sequence tags, wherein the first tag includes the 5'-terminus sequence and the second tag includes the 3'-terminus sequence ~~of a nucleic acid molecule~~ cDNA transcript, the ~~nucleic acid molecule~~ cDNA transcript corresponding to the full-length of a gene ~~or fragment thereof~~;

comparing the ~~obtained~~ at least one ditag with a genome map and/or a gene database;

detecting matching of the 5' and 3' termini tags on the genome map but detecting no match on one or more gene databases.

41. (Currently amended) The method of claim 40, further comprising recovering the full-length ~~nucleic acid molecule~~ cDNA corresponding to the ~~newly discovered gene~~ ditag by PCR or directly from target RNA samples by RT-PCR.

42. (Withdrawn) A method for recovering full-length cDNA comprising:

preparing, from a full-length cDNA library, at least one oligonucleotide including at least one ditag, the ditag including two joined first and second sequence tags, wherein the first tag includes the 5'-terminus sequence and the second tag includes the 3'-terminus sequence of a full-length cDNA;

sequencing the obtained oligonucleotide ditag;

determining the ditag of interest; and

recovering the full-length cDNA corresponding to the ditag of interest from the full-length cDNA library.

43. (Withdrawn) A method for quantifying the transcriptional activity of a gene comprising:

preparing, from a full-length cDNA library, at least one oligonucleotide comprising at least one ditag, the ditag including two joined first and second sequence tags,

wherein the first tag includes the 5'-terminus sequence and the second tag includes the 3'-terminus sequence of a full-length cDNA;
sequencing the obtained oligonucleotide ditag;
determining the frequency of the sequenced ditag which corresponds to the transcriptional activity of the gene.

44. (Currently amended) The method of claim 29, wherein the vector comprises ~~an isolated oligonucleotide including~~ at least one ditag, wherein the ditag includes two joined first and second sequence tags, and wherein the first tag includes a 5'-terminus sequence and a second tag comprises the 3'-terminus sequence of a ~~nucleotide acid molecule or fragment thereof~~ full-length cDNA transcript.

45. (Previously presented) The method of claim 44, wherein the vector further comprises two adapters flanking the ditag, wherein each adapter includes at least one restriction site.

46. (Previously presented) The method of claim 53, wherein the backbone of the vector does not comprise the asymmetric restriction site or the second restriction site.

47. (Currently amended) The method of claim 46, wherein the asymmetric restriction site is a type II restriction site.

48. (Currently amended) The method of claim 29, wherein the vector comprises at least a ~~nucleic acid molecule~~ full-length cDNA transcript and two adapters flanking the ~~nucleic acid molecule~~ full-length cDNA transcript, wherein each adapter comprises at least: a first restriction site which is a type II restriction site and at least a second restriction site, and wherein the backbone of the vector does not comprise the type II restriction site or the second restriction site.

49. (Previously presented) The method of claim 48, wherein the type II restriction site is Mmel.

50. (Previously presented) The method of claim 29, wherein the vector comprises SEQ ID No:18.

51. (Currently amended) The method of claim 50, wherein the vector comprises at least one ditag, wherein the ditag includes two joined first and second sequence tags and wherein the first tag includes a 5'-terminus sequence and a second tag comprises the 3'-terminus sequence of a ~~nucleic acid molecule or fragment thereof~~ full-length cDNA transcript.

52. (Previously presented) The method of claim 51, wherein the vector comprises two adapters flanking the ditag, wherein each adapter includes at least one restriction site.

53. (Previously presented) The method of claim 45, wherein each adapter comprises at least a first restriction site which is an asymmetric restriction site and a second restriction site.

54. (Previously presented) The method of claim 52, wherein each adapter comprises at least a first restriction site which is an asymmetric restriction site and a second restriction site.